Contact Info

To report human exposures, for consultation, or for lab testing questions 24/7:
Maine CDC 1-800-821-5821
www.mainepublichealth.gov/rabies
www.mainepublichealth.gov/lab

To report domestic animal exposures: contact the local town office, police department or Animal Control Officer.

To report wild animal exposures: Call the Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife dispatch center nearest you: Gray: 1-800-228-0857

Augusta: 1-800-452-4664 Orono: 1-800-432-7381 Houlton: 1-800-924-2261

www.maine.gov/ifw

To report wild animals with no exposures or for general rabies questions:
USDA APHIS Wildlife Services
1-866-4-USDA-WS
207-629-5181
www.aphis.usda.gov/ws/rabies

For questions about livestock exposures:
Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation, and Forestry 207-287-3701
www.maine.gov/dacf

Rabies in Maine





Questions or concerns: 1-800-821-5821

What is Rabies?

Rabies is a disease that is caused by the rabies virus. It affects the brain and spinal cord and can cause death if left untreated.

Rabies only infects mammals (animals with fur that produce milk).

Rabies in wild animals is common in Maine.

Commonly infected animals are raccoons, skunks, foxes, and bats.





How is Rabies transmitted?

The rabies virus is found in the saliva, brain, and spinal cord of infected animals.

It is spread when an infected animal bites or scratches a person or animal.

Less commonly, it is spread when an infected animal's saliva, brain or spinal cord tissue gets into a person or animal's mouth, nose, eyes, or cut in the skin.

If either of these things happens, it is considered a **rabies exposure**.

Rabies is NOT spread by:

- Blood
- Urine or feces
- Skunk spray
- Petting the fur of a rabid animal
- Touching dried saliva of a rabid animal
- Porcupine quills

You can't tell by looking at an animal if it has rabies



If your pet is exposed to a domestic animal

- 1. Call your local Animal Control Officer (ACO).
- 2. Call your veterinarian.
- 3. The attacking domestic animal should be confined and observed for 10 days to rule out rabies.

If your pet is exposed to a wild animal

- 1. Call your local Game Warden.
- 2. Call your veterinarian.
- 3. The attacking wild animal should be submitted to Maine's Health and Environmental Testing Lab (HETL) for rabies testing.

If you are exposed to a domestic animal

- 1. Clean wounds with soap and water.
- 2. Call your local ACO.
- 3. Call your healthcare provider.
- 4. The cat or dog should be confined and observed for 10

days to rule out rabies under the ACO's supervision.



5. Rabies treatment is not needed if the

cat or dog is alive and healthy 10 days after the exposure.

If you are exposed to a wild animal

- 1. Clean wounds with soap and water.
- 2. Call your local Game Warden.
- 3. Call your healthcare provider.
- 4. The wild animal should be submitted to Maine's Health and Environmental Testing Lab (HETL) for rabies testing.
- 5. Rabies treatment can be delayed until test results come back, with some exceptions; contact Maine CDC.



Rabies Treatment

There is no treatment for rabies once symptoms develop. However, **rabies is 100% preventable** by 1) avoiding an exposure in the first place, and 2) seeking care after an exposure.

Rabies treatment after an exposure is called rabies PEP, or rabies post-exposure prophylaxis.

Contact your healthcare provider right away after a rabies exposure. He/she will tell you if you need rabies PEP.

Rabies PEP is a combination of rabies vaccine and rabies immune-globulin, or RIG, shots.

The number and type of shots needed depends on a person's health status, their weight, and whether he/she has been vaccinated for rabies in the past.

Preventing Rabies

Vaccinate your pets against rabies. By law, all dogs and cats- even indoor cats—must be vaccinated.

Avoid contact with all wild animals and animals that you do not know.

Do not handle sick or hurt wild animals; call your local ACO or Game Warden.

Bat-proof your home or camp by contacting a trained exterminator.

Consider getting pre-exposure rabies vaccine if you are an ACO, veterinarian, veterinary technician, or wildlife rehabilitator.



If you or someone in your care has been bitten by a bat or been in contact with a bat, call Maine CDC right away at 1-800-521-5821.